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## **Evaluation of conservation status of reported Indian Odonates (Insecta: Odonata)**

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**Abstract-** This study assesses the conservation status of all dragonflies and damselflies reported from India. 3 suborders, 17 families and 504 species of odonates are reported from India till now. IUCN has done excellent work on assessing status of conservation, population trends, and distribution of odonates. IUCN Red List provides a comprehensive catalogue and framework for evaluating the conservation status of odonates. However no consolidated and annotated list of Indian odonates with their conservation status is present, so this study fills this research gap and provides a complete list of reported Indian odonates along with their conservation status. Maximum odonate species were reported under Least Concern and Data Deficient Categories.

**Keywords:** IUCN Red List, Odonata, DD, LC, NE, NT, VU, EN, CR, CITES

### **INTRODUCTION**

Odonates are cosmopolitan, aquatic, carnivorous, diurnal, primitive group of flying insects. Being predator and prey, both in larval and adult stage, they play a significant role in the food web in freshwater ecosystem. Study of odonates is called Odonatology, which is a branch of Entomology. It includes three orders viz. Anisoptera, Anisozygoptera and Zygoptera.<sup>1,2</sup> There are total 6453 species of odonates are reported globally. In India total 504 species under 157 genera and 17 families of odonates are reported with exclusion of 23 subspecies, out of which 175 odonate species are reported endemic to India.<sup>3,4</sup> IUCN (International Union of Conservation of Nature) was founded in 1964, since then it is working on conservation of plants, fungi and animals. It accumulates and provides critical data for conservation, monitoring and policy making. IUCN Red List also known as Red Data Book

and Red List of Threatened Species provides the world's most comprehensive catalogue of the conservation status of biological species. IUCN Red List is prepared scientifically on basis of following five criteria system. viz. **Criterion A:** population size reductions, which evaluates suspected population size reductions over the longer of 10 years or three generations; **Criterion B:** Geographic Range, which assesses species with small geographic ranges that are experiencing continuing decline or extreme fluctuations; **Criterion C:** Small Population Size and Decline, which applies to species with small populations that are experiencing continuing decline; **Criterion D:** Very Small or Restricted Population, which addresses species with very small populations or very restricted areas of occupancy; **Criterion E:** Quantitative Analysis, which involves formal population viability analysis or other quantitative methods to estimate extinction probability; The IUCN Red List classifies species into nine categories based on their extinction risk.

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viz. Extinct (EX), Extinct in the Wild (EW), Critically Endangered (CR), Endangered (EN), Vulnerable (VU), Near Threatened (NT), Least Concern (LC), Data Deficient (DD) and Not Evaluated (NE).<sup>5</sup>

## MATERIALS & METHODS

Comprehensive checklist of Indian Odonates is parsimony examined using Red Data Book to assess conservation status of each species.

## RESULTS & DISCUSSION

India has 7.81 % biodiversity of world. The Himalayan Relict Dragonfly (*Epiophlebia laidlawi*) is listed under Schedule-1 Part-J of Wildlife Protection Act (2022). Odonates are not listed under any appendices of CITES (Convention on International Trade in Endangered Species of Wild Fauna and Flora). No odonate species are reported to be invasive in India. *Sympetrum dilatum* (Family Libellulidae) is the only extinct odonate species of world. In India all 3 suborders (Anisoptera, Anisozygoptera and Zygoptera) of odonates are reported. 17 families of odonata were reported from India, out of which 7 families (Aeshnidae, Chlorogomphidae, Cordulegasteridae, Cordulidae, Gomphidae, Libellulidae and Macromiidae,) belonged to Suborder Anisoptera, while 9 families (Calopterygidae, Chlorocyphidae, Coenagrionidae, Euphaeidae, Lestidae, Philogangidae, Platynemididae, Platystictidae and Synlestidae) belonged to suborder Zygoptera. Only single family (Epiophlebiidae) with single species (*Epiophlebia laidlawi*) belonged to suborder Anisozygoptera reported from India. We provide a complete annotated list of 504 Indian odonate species with their conservation status listed against them (Table 1). Out of 504 Indian odonate species, no species was reported in EX and EW category. Only single species *Protosticta myristicaensis* (Family Platystictidae) was reported under CR. Three species viz. *Orthetrum andamanicum* (Family Libellulidae), *Idionyx galeata* (Family Macromiidae) and *Libellago balus* (Family Chlorocyphidae) were reported under EN. 31 Indian odonate species are not evaluated for their conservation status (Table 2 and Graph 1).

**Table 1. List of Indian Odonate Species with their Conservation Status**

		Species	Conservation Status
Suborder	Family		
Anisoptera	Aeshnidae	<i>Aeshna juncea</i>	LC
		<i>Aeshna mixta</i>	LC
		<i>Aeshna petalura</i>	LC
		<i>Anaciaeschna jaspidea</i>	LC
		<i>Anaciaeschna martini</i>	LC
		<i>Anax ephippiger</i>	LC
		<i>Anax guttatus</i>	LC
		<i>Anax immaculifrons</i>	LC
		<i>Anax imperator</i>	LC
		<i>Anax indicus</i>	LC
		<i>Anax nigrofasciatus</i>	LC
		<i>Anax panybeus</i>	LC
		<i>Anax parthenope</i>	LC
		<i>Cephalaeschna acanthifrons</i>	DD
		<i>Cephalaeschna acutifrons</i>	DD
		<i>Cephalaeschna klapperichi</i>	DD
		<i>Cephalaeschna masoni</i>	DD
		<i>Cephalaeschna orbifrons</i>	LC
		<i>Cephalaeschna patrai</i>	NE
		<i>Cephalaeschna triadica</i>	DD
		<i>Cephalaeschna viridifrons</i>	LC
		<i>Gynacantha albistyla</i>	DD
		<i>Gynacantha andamanae</i>	NE
		<i>Gynacantha anandmati</i>	NE
		<i>Gynacantha arnaudi</i>	DD
		<i>Gynacantha bainbriggei</i>	DD
		<i>Gynacantha bayadéra</i>	LC
		<i>Gynacantha biharica</i>	DD
		<i>Gynacantha dravida</i>	DD
		<i>Gynacantha khasiaca</i>	DD
		<i>Gynacantha millardi</i>	LC
		<i>Gynacantha odoneli</i>	DD
		<i>Gynacantha pallampurica</i>	DD
		<i>Gynacantha rammohani</i>	DD
		<i>Gynacantha rotundata</i>	DD
		<i>Gynacantha subinterrupta</i>	LC
		<i>Gynacanthaeschna sikkima</i>	LC
		<i>Oligoaeschna andamani</i>	DD
		<i>Periaeschna flinti</i>	LC
		<i>Periaeschna magdalena</i>	LC
		<i>Periaeschna nocturnalis</i>	LC
		<i>Periaeschna unifasciata</i>	DD
		<i>Petalaeschna fletcheri</i>	DD
		<i>Planaeschna intersedens</i>	NT
		<i>Planaeschna poumai</i>	NE
		<i>Polycaanthagyna erythromelas</i>	LC
		<i>Polycaanthagyna ornithocephala</i>	LC
		<i>Sarasaeschna decorata</i>	DD
		<i>Sarasaeschna khasiana</i>	DD
		<i>Sarasaeschna martini</i>	DD
		<i>Sarasaeschna speciosa</i>	DD
		<i>Tetracanthagyna waterhousei</i>	LC
	Family Chlorogomphidae	<i>Chlorogomphus campioni</i>	LC
		<i>Chlorogomphus fraseri</i>	DD
		<i>Chlorogomphus mortoni</i>	DD
		<i>Chlorogomphus preciosus</i>	DD
		<i>Chlorogomphus schmidti</i>	DD
		<i>Chlorogomphus xanthoptera</i>	V
	Family Cordulegasteridae	<i>Chloropetalia selysi</i>	V
		<i>Watanabeopetalia atkinsoni</i>	LC
		<i>Anotogaster basilis</i>	NE
		<i>Anotogaster gregoryi</i>	LC
		<i>Gynacantha rotundata</i>	DD
		<i>Gynacantha subinterrupta</i>	LC

**Rawal Deepak- Evaluation of conservation status of reported Indian Odonates (Insecta: Odonata)**

	<i>Gynacanthaeschna sikkima</i>	LC		<i>Euthygomphus martini</i>	NE	
	<i>Oligoaeschna andamani</i>	DD		<i>Gomphidia fletcheri</i>	DD	
	<i>Periaeschna flinti</i>	LC		<i>Gomphidia ganeshi</i>	DD	
	<i>Periaeschna magdalena</i>	LC		<i>Gomphidia kodaguensis</i>	DD	
	<i>Periaeschna nocturnalis</i>	LC		<i>Gomphidia leonorae</i>	DD	
	<i>Periaeschna unifasciata</i>	DD		<i>Gomphidia platyceps</i>	DD	
	<i>Petaliaeschna fletcheri</i>	DD		<i>Gomphidia podhgai</i>	DD	
	<i>Planaeschna intercedens</i>	NT		<i>Gomphidia t-nigrum</i>	LC	
	<i>Planaeschna poumai</i>	NE		<i>Gomphidia williamsoni</i>	DD	
	<i>Polycanthagyna erythromelas</i>	LC		<i>Heliogomphus kalarensis</i>	DD	
	<i>Polycanthagyna ornithocephala</i>	LC		<i>Heliogomphus promelas</i>	NT	
	<i>Sarasaeschna decorata</i>	DD		<i>Heliogomphus selysi</i>	LC	
	<i>Sarasaeschna khasiana</i>	DD		<i>Heliogomphus spirillus</i>	DD	
	<i>Sarasaeschna martini</i>	DD		<i>Ictinogomphus angulosus</i>	LC	
	<i>Sarasaeschna speciosa</i>	DD		<i>Ictinogomphus decoratus</i>	LC	
	<i>Tetraclanthagyna waterhousei</i>	LC		<i>Ictinogomphus distinctus</i>	DD	
Family Chlorogomphidae	<i>Chlorogomphus campioni</i>	LC		<i>Ictinogomphus kishori</i>	DD	
	<i>Chlorogomphus fraseri</i>	DD		<i>Ictinogomphus pertinax</i>	LC	
	<i>Chlorogomphus mortoni</i>	DD		<i>Ictinogomphus rapax</i>	LC	
	<i>Chlorogomphus preciosus</i>	DD		<i>Lamelligomphus biforceps</i>	LC	
	<i>Chlorogomphus schmidti</i>	DD		<i>Lamelligomphus nilgiriensis</i>	NE	
	<i>Chlorogomphus xanthoptera</i>	V		<i>Lamelligomphus risi</i>	DD	
	<i>Chloropetalia selysi</i>	V		<i>Macrogomphus annulatus</i>	DD	
	<i>Watanabeopetalia atkinsoni</i>	LC		<i>Macrogomphus montanus</i>	DD	
Family Cordulegastridae	<i>Anotogaster basilis</i>	NE		<i>Macrogomphus robustus</i>	DD	
	<i>Anotogaster gregoryi</i>	LC		<i>Macrogomphus seductus</i>	DD	
	<i>Anotogaster nipalensis</i>	LC		<i>Macrogomphus wynaudicus</i>	DD	
	<i>Cordulegaster brevistigma</i>	LC		<i>Megalogomphus bicornutus</i>	DD	
	<i>Cordulegaster parvistigma</i>	DD		<i>Megalogomphus flavicolor</i>	DD	
	<i>Nealogaster hermoniae</i>	LC		<i>Megalogomphus hanningtoni</i>	NT	
	<i>Nealogaster latifrons</i>	LC		<i>Megalogomphus smithii</i>	DD	
	<i>Nealogaster ornata</i>	NT		<i>Megalogomphus superbus</i>	DD	
	<i>Nealogaster schmidti</i>	DD		<i>Melligomphus acinaces</i>	DD	
	<i>Hemicordulia asiatica</i>	LC		<i>Merogomphus longistigma</i>	DD	
Family Gomphidae	<i>Somatochlora daviesi</i>	DD		<i>Merogomphus tamaracherriensis</i>	NE	
	<i>Acrogomphus fraseri</i>	DD		<i>Microgomphus souteri</i>	LC	
	<i>Anisogomphus bivittatus</i>	LC		<i>Microgomphus torquatus</i>	DD	
	<i>Anisogomphus caudalis</i>	DD		<i>Microgomphus verticalis</i>	DD	
	<i>Anisogomphus occipitalis</i>	LC		<i>Nepogomphus modestus</i>	LC	
	<i>Anisogomphus orites</i>	DD		<i>Nepogomphus walli</i>	LC	
	<i>Anormogomphus heteropterus</i>	LC		<i>Nihonogomphus pulcherrimus</i>	DD	
	<i>Anormogomphus kiritschenkoi</i>	NT		<i>Nychogomphus duaricus</i>	LC	
	<i>Asiagomphus nilgiricus</i>	DD		<i>Nychogomphus saundersii</i>	NE	
	<i>Asiagomphus odoneli</i>	DD		<i>Nychogomphus striatus</i>	DD	
Family Libellulidae	<i>Asiagomphus personatus</i>	NT		<i>Onychogomphus cachericus</i>	DD	
	<i>Burmagomphus cauvericus</i>	DD		<i>Onychogomphus cerastis</i>	DD	
	<i>Burmagomphus chaukulensis</i>	NE		<i>Onychogomphus grammicus</i>	DD	
	<i>Burmagomphus divaricatus</i>	LC		<i>Onychogomphus malabarensis</i>	DD	
	<i>Burmagomphus hasimanicus</i>	DD		<i>Onychogomphus meghalayanus</i>	DD	
	<i>Burmagomphus laidlawi</i>	DD		<i>Ophiogomphus reductus</i>	LC	
	<i>Burmagomphus pyramidalis</i>	LC		<i>Orientogomphus indicus</i>	DD	
	<i>Burmagomphus sivalikensis</i>	LC		<i>Paragomphus echinoccipitalis</i>	DD	
	<i>Cyclogomphus flavoannulatus</i>	DD		<i>Paragomphus lindgreni</i>	DD	
	<i>Cyclogomphus heterostylus</i>	DD		<i>Paragomphus lineatus</i>	LC	
	<i>Cyclogomphus wilkinsi</i>	DD		<i>Perissogomphus stevensi</i>	LC	
	<i>Cyclogomphus ypsilon</i>	V		<i>Phaenandrogomphus aureus</i>	DD	
	<i>Davidioides martini</i>	DD		<i>Platygomphus benitarrum</i>	NE	
	<i>Davidius aberrans</i>	LC		<i>Platygomphus dolabratus</i>	LC	
	<i>Davidius davidii</i>	LC		<i>Scalmogomphus bistriatus</i>	LC	
	<i>Davidius delineatus</i>	NE		<i>Scalmogomphus schmidti</i>	NE	
	<i>Davidius kumaonensis</i>	DD		<i>Stylogomphus inglesi</i>	LC	
	<i>Davidius malloryi</i>	DD		Family Libellulidae	<i>Acisoma panorpoides</i>	LC
	<i>Dubitogomphus bidentatus</i>	DD			<i>Aethriamanta brevipennis</i>	LC
					<i>Agrionoptera insignis</i>	LC
					<i>Amphithemis vacillans</i>	DD

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<i>Atratothemis reeysi</i>	DD	<i>Rhyothemis variegata</i>	LC	
<i>Brachydiplax chalybea</i>	LC	<i>Selysiorthemis nigra</i>	LC	
<i>Brachydiplax farinosa</i>	LC	<i>Sympetrum arenicolor</i>	LC	
<i>Brachydiplax sobrina</i>	LC	<i>Sympetrum fonscolombii</i>	LC	
<i>Brachythemis contaminata</i>	LC	<i>Sympetrum haritonovi</i>	LC	
<i>Bradinopyga geminata</i>	LC	<i>Sympetrum hypomelas</i>	LC	
<i>Bradinopyga konkanensis</i>	NE	<i>Sympetrum meridionale</i>	LC	
<i>Camacinia gigantea</i>	LC	<i>Sympetrum orientale</i>	DD	
<i>Camacinia harterti</i>	DD	<i>Sympetrum speciosum</i>	NE	
<i>Cratilla lineata</i>	LC	<i>Sympetrum striolatum</i>	LC	
<i>Cratilla metallica</i>	LC	<i>Tetrathemis platyptera</i>	LC	
<i>Crocothemis erythraea</i>	LC	<i>Tholymis tillarga</i>	LC	
<i>Crocothemis servilia</i>	LC	<i>Tramea basilaris</i>	LC	
<i>Diplacodes lefebvrii</i>	LC	<i>Tramea eurybia</i>	LC	
<i>Diplacodes nebulosa</i>	LC	<i>Tramea limbata</i>	LC	
<i>Diplacodes trivialis</i>	LC	<i>Tramea transmarina</i>	LC	
<i>Epithemis mariae</i>	LC	<i>Tramea virginia</i>	LC	
<i>Epithemis wayanadensis</i>	NE	<i>Trithemis aurora</i>	LC	
<i>Hydrobasileus croceus</i>	LC	<i>Trithemis festiva</i>	LC	
<i>Hylaeothemis apicalis</i>	DD	<i>Trithemis kirbyi</i>	LC	
<i>Hylaeothemis gardeneri</i>	DD	<i>Trithemis pallidinervis</i>	LC	
<i>Indothemis carnatica</i>	LC	<i>Urothemis signata</i>	LC	
<i>Indothemis limbata</i>	LC	<i>Zygonyx iris</i>	LC	
<i>Lathrecista asiatica</i>	LC	<i>Zygonyx torridus</i>	LC	
<i>Libellula quadrimaculata</i>	LC	<i>Zyxomma obtusum</i>	LC	
<i>Lyriothemis acigastra</i>	DD	<i>Zyxomma breviventre</i>	DD	
<i>Lyriothemis bivittata</i>	LC	<i>Zyxomma petiolatum</i>	LC	
<i>Lyriothemis cleis</i>	LC	Family Macromiidae	<i>Epophthalmia frontalis</i>	LC
<i>Lyriothemis flava</i>	LC		<i>Epophthalmia vittata</i>	LC
<i>Lyriothemis mortoni</i>	DD		<i>Epophthalmia vittigera</i>	LC
<i>Macrodiplax cora</i>	LC		<i>Macromia annaimallaiensis</i>	LC
<i>Nannophya pygmaea</i>	LC		<i>Macromia bellicosa</i>	LC
<i>Nannophyopsis clara</i>	LC		<i>Macromia cingulata</i>	LC
<i>Nesoxenia lineata</i>	LC		<i>Macromia cupricincta</i>	LC
<i>Neurothemis degener</i>	NE		<i>Macromia ellisoni</i>	LC
<i>Neurothemis fluctuans</i>	LC		<i>Macromia flavicincta</i>	DD
<i>Neurothemis fulvia</i>	LC		<i>Macromia flavocolorata</i>	LC
<i>Neurothemis intermedia</i>	LC		<i>Macromia flavovittata</i>	DD
<i>Neurothemis ramburi</i>	LC		<i>Macromia ida</i>	LC
<i>Neurothemis tullia</i>	LC		<i>Macromia indica</i>	DD
<i>Onychothemis testacea</i>	LC		<i>Macromia irata</i>	LC
<i>Orthetrum andamanicum</i>	E		<i>Macromia moorei</i>	LC
<i>Orthetrum brunneum</i>	LC		<i>Macromia pallida</i>	DD
<i>Orthetrum cancellatum</i>	LC		<i>Macromia whitei</i>	DD
<i>Orthetrum chrysostigma</i>	LC		<i>Idionyx corona</i>	DD
<i>Orthetrum coerulescens</i>	LC		<i>Idionyx galeata</i>	E
<i>Orthetrum erythronigrum</i>	NE		<i>Idionyx gomantakensis</i>	DD
<i>Orthetrum glaucum</i>	LC		<i>Idionyx imbricata</i>	DD
<i>Orthetrum internum</i>	NE		<i>Idionyx intricata</i>	LC
<i>Orthetrum luzonicum</i>	LC		<i>Idionyx minima</i>	DD
<i>Orthetrum martensi</i>	DD		<i>Idionyx nadganiensis</i>	DD
<i>Orthetrum pruinosum</i>	LC		<i>Idionyx nilgiriensis</i>	DD
<i>Orthetrum sabina</i>	LC		<i>Idionyx optata</i>	NT
<i>Orthetrum taeniolatum</i>	LC		<i>Idionyx periyashola</i>	DD
<i>Orthetrum testaceum</i>	NE		<i>Idionyx rhinoceroides</i>	LC
<i>Orthetrum triangulare</i>	LC		<i>Idionyx saffronata</i>	DD
<i>Palpopleura sexmaculata</i>	LC		<i>Idionyx stevensi</i>	LC
<i>Pantala flavescens</i>	LC		<i>Idionyx travancorensis</i>	DD
<i>Phyllothemis eltoni</i>	DD		<i>Macromidia donaldi</i>	LC
<i>Potamarcha congener</i>	LC	Suborder Anisozyoptera	<i>Epiophlebia laidlawi</i>	NT
<i>Pseudothemis zonata</i>	LC		<i>Caliphaea confusa</i>	LC
<i>Pseudotraemea prateri</i>	DD	Suborder Zyoptera	<i>Echo margarita</i>	LC
<i>Rhodothemis rufa</i>	LC		<i>Echo perornata</i>	DD
<i>Rhyothemis phyllis</i>	LC		<i>Matrona nigripunctus</i>	LC
<i>Rhyothemis plutonia</i>	LC			
<i>Rhyothemis triangularis</i>	LC			

**Rawal Deepak- Evaluation of conservation status of reported Indian Odonates (Insecta: Odonata)**

	<i>Neurobasis chinensis</i>	LC
	<i>Vestalaria smaragdina</i>	LC
	<i>Vestalis apicalis</i>	LC
	<i>Vestalis gracilis</i>	LC
	<i>Vestalis submontana</i>	LC
Family Chlorocyphidae	<i>Aristocypha cuneata</i>	DD
	<i>Aristocypha fenestrella</i>	LC
	<i>Aristocypha hilaryae</i>	DD
	<i>Aristocypha immaculata</i>	LC
	<i>Aristocypha quadrimaculata</i>	LC
	<i>Aristocypha spuria</i>	LC
	<i>Aristocypha trifasciata</i>	LC
	<i>Calocypha laidlawi</i>	DD
	<i>Heliocypha biforata</i>	LC
	<i>Heliocypha bisignata</i>	LC
	<i>Heliocypha perforata</i>	LC
	<i>Heterocypha vitrinella</i>	DD
	<i>Indocypha vittata</i>	NT
	<i>Libellago andamanensis</i>	V
	<i>Libellago aurantiaca</i>	LC
Family Coenagrionidae	<i>Libellago balus</i>	E
	<i>Libellago blanda</i>	V
	<i>Libellago indica</i>	LC
	<i>Libellago lineata</i>	LC
	<i>Paracypha unimaculata</i>	LC
	<i>Rhinocypha ignipennis</i>	LC
	<i>Rhinocypha trimaculata</i>	DD
	<i>Aciagrion approximans</i>	LC
	<i>Aciagrion azureum</i>	LC
	<i>Aciagrion borneense</i>	LC
	<i>Aciagrion hisopa</i>	LC
	<i>Aciagrion occidentale</i>	LC
	<i>Aciagrion olympicum</i>	LC
	<i>Aciagrion pallidum</i>	LC
Family Coenagrionidae	<i>Agriocnemis clauseni</i>	LC
	<i>Agriocnemis corbetti</i>	LC
	<i>Agriocnemis dabreui</i>	LC
	<i>Agriocnemis femina</i>	LC
	<i>Agriocnemis kalinga</i>	LC
	<i>Agriocnemis keraleensis</i>	LC
	<i>Agriocnemis lacteola</i>	LC
	<i>Agriocnemis nana</i>	LC
	<i>Agriocnemis pieris</i>	LC
	<i>Agriocnemis pygmaea</i>	LC
	<i>Agriocnemis splendidissima</i>	LC
	<i>Amphiallagma parvum</i>	LC
	<i>Archibasis oscillans</i>	LC
	<i>Argiocnemis rubescens</i>	LC
	<i>Ceriagrion aeruginosum</i>	LC
	<i>Ceriagrion auranticum</i>	LC
	<i>Ceriagrion azureum</i>	LC
	<i>Ceriagrion calamineum</i>	LC
	<i>Ceriagrion cerinorubellum</i>	LC
	<i>Ceriagrion chromothorax</i>	DD
	<i>Ceriagrion coromandelianum</i>	LC
	<i>Ceriagrion fallax</i>	LC
	<i>Ceriagrion olivaceum</i>	LC
	<i>Ceriagrion pratermissum</i>	NE
	<i>Ceriagrion rubiae</i>	LC
	<i>Coenagrion exclamationis</i>	DD
	<i>Enallagma cyathigerum</i>	LC
	<i>Ischnura elegans</i>	LC
	<i>Ischnura forcipata</i>	LC
	<i>Ischnura inarmata</i>	DD
	<i>Ischnura nursei</i>	LC

	<i>Ischnura pumilio</i>	LC
	<i>Ischnura rubilio</i>	LC
	<i>Ischnura rufostigma</i>	LC
	<i>Ischnura senegalensis</i>	LC
	<i>Mortonagrion aboreense</i>	LC
	<i>Mortonagrion varalli</i>	DD
	<i>Paracercion calamorum</i>	LC
	<i>Paracercion malayanum</i>	LC
	<i>Pseudagrion andamanicum</i>	DD
	<i>Pseudagrion australasiae</i>	LC
	<i>Pseudagrion bidentatum</i>	DD
	<i>Pseudagrion decorum</i>	LC
	<i>Pseudagrion hypermelas</i>	LC
	<i>Pseudagrion indicum</i>	LC
	<i>Pseudagrion laidlawi</i>	LC
	<i>Pseudagrion malabaricum</i>	LC
	<i>Pseudagrion microcephalum</i>	LC
	<i>Pseudagrion pilidorsum</i>	LC
	<i>Pseudagrion pruinose</i>	LC
	<i>Pseudagrion rubriceps</i>	LC
	<i>Pseudagrion spencei</i>	LC
	<i>Pseudagrion williamsoni</i>	LC
Family Euphaeidae	<i>Anisopleura comes</i>	LC
	<i>Anisopleura lestooides</i>	LC
	<i>Anisopleura subplatystyla</i>	LC
	<i>Anisopleura vallei</i>	V
	<i>Bayadera hyalina</i>	LC
	<i>Bayadera indica</i>	LC
	<i>Bayadera kali</i>	DD
	<i>Bayadera longicauda</i>	DD
	<i>Dysphaea ethela</i>	LC
	<i>Dysphaea gloriosa</i>	LC
	<i>Euphaea cardinalis</i>	LC
	<i>Euphaea dispar</i>	LC
	<i>Euphaea fraseri</i>	LC
	<i>Euphaea masoni</i>	LC
	<i>Euphaea ochracea</i>	LC
Family Lestidae	<i>Euphaea pseudodispar</i>	NE
	<i>Euphaea thosegharensis</i>	NE
	<i>Schmidtiphaea schmidi</i>	DD
	<i>Schmidtiphaea chittaranjani</i>	DD
	<i>Indolestes assamicus</i>	DD
	<i>Indolestes cyaneus</i>	LC
	<i>Indolestes gracilis</i>	LC
	<i>Indolestes indicus</i>	NT
	<i>Indolestes pulcherrimus</i>	DD
	<i>Lestes barbarus</i>	LC
	<i>Lestes concinnus</i>	LC
	<i>Lestes dorothea</i>	LC
	<i>Lestes elatus</i>	LC
	<i>Lestes garoensis</i>	DD
	<i>Lestes malabaricus</i>	LC
Family Philogangidae	<i>Lestes nigriceps</i>	DD
	<i>Lestes nodalis</i>	LC
	<i>Lestes patricia</i>	DD
	<i>Lestes praemorsus</i>	LC
	<i>Lestes viridulus</i>	LC
	<i>Orolestes durga</i>	DD
	<i>Orolestes selysi</i>	LC
	<i>Platylestes kirani</i>	NE
	<i>Platylestes platystylus</i>	LC
	<i>Sympetrum paedisca</i>	LC
	<i>Philoganga montana</i>	LC
	<i>Burmargiolestes laidlawi</i>	DD

**Biospectra : Vol. 20(1), March, 2025**  
*An International Biannual Refereed Journal of Life Sciences*

	Family Platystictidae	<i>Drepanosticta annandalei</i>	DD
		<i>Drepanosticta carmichaeli</i>	LC
		<i>Drepanosticta polychromatica</i>	DD
		<i>Indosicta deccanensis</i>	V
		<i>Protosticta anamalaica</i>	NE
		<i>Protosticta armageddonia</i>	NE
		<i>Protosticta antelopoides</i>	DD
		<i>Protosticta cyanofemora</i>	NE
		<i>Protosticta damacornu</i>	DD
		<i>Protosticta davenporti</i>	LC
		<i>Protosticta francyi</i>	NE
		<i>Protosticta fraseri</i>	DD
		<i>Protosticta graveyi</i>	LC
		<i>Protosticta hearseyi</i>	DD
		<i>Protosticta himalaica</i>	DD
		<i>Protosticta monticola</i>	DD
		<i>Protosticta mortoni</i>	NE
		<i>Protosticta myristicaensis</i>	CE
		<i>Protosticta pomudiensis</i>	DD
		<i>Protosticta rufostigma</i>	DD
		<i>Protosticta sanguinostigma</i>	V
		<i>Protosticta sholai</i>	NE
	Family Platycnemididae	<i>Caconeura gomphoides</i>	DD
		<i>Caconeura obscura</i>	DD
		<i>Caconeura ramburi</i>	DD
		<i>Caconeura risi</i>	DD
		<i>Caconeura t-coerulea</i>	DD
		<i>Calcnemia doonensis</i>	LC
		<i>Calcnemia erythromelas</i>	LC
		<i>Calcnemia eximia</i>	LC
		<i>Calcnemia imitans</i>	LC
		<i>Calcnemia miles</i>	LC
		<i>Calcnemia miniata</i>	LC
		<i>Calcnemia mortoni</i>	LC
		<i>Calcnemia mukherjeei</i>	DD
		<i>Calcnemia nipalica</i>	V
		<i>Calcnemia pulverulans</i>	LC
		<i>Coelicia bimaculata</i>	LC
		<i>Coelicia didyma</i>	LC
		<i>Coelicia dorothaea</i>	DD
		<i>Coelicia fraseri</i>	V
		<i>Coelicia loogali</i>	LC
		<i>Coelicia prakritiae</i>	NE
		<i>Coelicia renifera</i>	LC
		<i>Coelicia rossi</i>	DD
		<i>Coelicia rotundata</i>	DD
		<i>Coelicia sarbottama</i>	DD
		<i>Coelicia schmidti</i>	DD
		<i>Coelicia svihleri</i>	LC
		<i>Coelicia vacca</i>	DD
		<i>Copera marginipes</i>	LC
		<i>Copera vittata</i>	LC
		<i>Disparoneura apicalis</i>	V
		<i>Disparoneura quadrimaculata</i>	LC
		<i>Elatoneura atkinsoni</i>	NT
		<i>Elatoneura campioni</i>	DD
		<i>Elatoneura nigerrima</i>	DD
		<i>Elatoneura nihari</i>	DD
		<i>Elatoneura souteri</i>	DD
		<i>Elatoneura tetrica</i>	LC
		<i>Esme cyaneovittata</i>	DD
		<i>Esme longistyla</i>	LC
		<i>Esme mudiensis</i>	DD
		<i>Indocnemis orang</i>	LC
		<i>Melanoneura bilineata</i>	NT

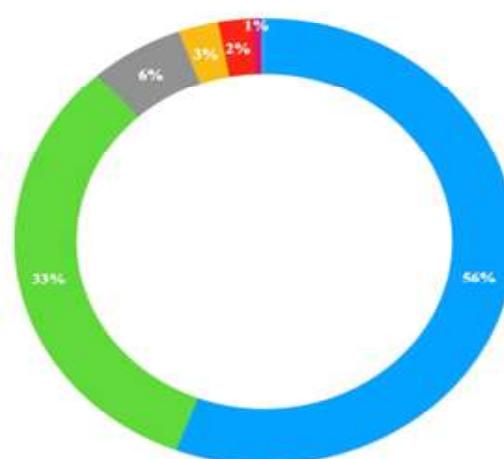
		<i>Nososticta nancowra</i>	DD
		<i>Nososticta nicobarica</i>	DD
		<i>Onychargia atrocyana</i>	LC
		<i>Phylloneura westermannii</i>	NT
		<i>Platycnemis dealbata</i>	LC
		<i>Prodasineura autumnalis</i>	LC
		<i>Prodasineura odoneli</i>	DD
		<i>Prodasineura verticalis</i>	LC
		<i>Pseudocopera ciliata</i>	LC
		<i>Pseudocopera superplatypes</i>	DD
	Family Synlestidae	<i>Megalestes gyalsey</i>	DD
		<i>Megalestes irma</i>	DD
		<i>Megalestes kurashii</i>	LC
		<i>Megalestes lieftincki</i>	DD
		<i>Megalestes major</i>	LC
		<i>Megalestes micans</i>	LC
Total 3	17	504	

Least Concern (LC), Near Threatened (NT), Not Evaluated (NE), Endangered (E), Data Deficient (DD), Critically Endangered (CR).

**Table 2. Comparison of Conservation Data of World and Indian Odonates.**

Red List Categories	World Odonates	Indian Odonates	Indian Odonates %
EX	1	0	0
EW	0	0	0
CR	97	1	1.03
EN	310	3	0.96
VU	303	11	3.63
NT	236	13	5.5
LC	3447	281	8.15
DD	1829	164	0.08
NE	230	31	13.47
Total	6453	504	7.81

● LC     ● DD     ● NE     ● NT     ● VU     ● EN     ● CR



**Graph 1. Relative Proportion of Listed Conservation Categories of Indian Odonates.**

## **CONCLUSION**

Maximum odonate species have conservation status of LC (n=281) and DD (N=164). List of Threatened species is negligible in India. Threat of extinction is almost null. However, yet many species listed under NE category create a gap in biodiversity data. Tremendous and excellent work on conservation of organism is done globally by IUCN and scientists. Despite of their pivotal role in aquatic ecosystem, odonates are ignored by most conservationists. Odonatologists must focus and assess NE odonate species. Although odonates have aesthetic value, they are biocontrol agent and bioindicators of aquatic ecosystem, they are ignored because they are not much economically important for humans. Further study on taxonomy and distribution of adult stages are relatively more done than larvae. There is most unexplored area in India, where no study is done on odonates. Many species need to be explored and discovered. More comprehensive work and data on odonates is required for assessing their true biodi

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**Biospectra : Vol. 20(1), March, 2025**  
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